### QIPs 2017/2018

## 85 QIPs

Projects to improve the quality of life of local populations and strengthen collaboration with Central African authorities.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

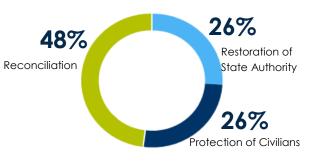
Quick Impact Projects (QIPs) aim to build confidence in the mission, the mandate, the peace and reconciliation process, and serve communities. They contribute to the strengthening of institution, ultimately allowing:

The progressive restoration of state authority

Improved delivery of basic social services

Reconciliation and POC initiatives

**USE OF QIPS 2017-2018** 



### 5 Birgo 5 Ndele 5 Paoua 7 Kaga-Bandoro HAUTE-KOTTO Kaga-Bandoro 5 Bria GREBIZI HAUT-MROMOL OUAKA OUHAM-PENDI OYaline Bossango 8 Bossangoa Bougr 6 Obo Nguia-Bouar 10 Bambari 5 Berberati 1 Bangassou 16 QIPs Bangui QIPS BUDGET and IMPLEMENTING PARTNERS

A total budget of \$3 million a year, with a \$50,000 maximum allocation per project. Implemented by 38 NGOs and national associations and 6 International Organizations.

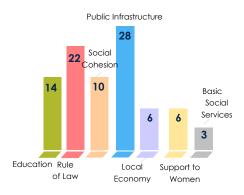
### **STRATEGY 2018-2019**

Support community resilience.

Foster dialogue and reconciliation.

Contribute to the peaceful management of transhumance, disconnect communities from armed groups, protect minorities and vulnerable groups, assist the voluntary return of refugees and IDPs.

### 2018 DISTRIBUTION OF QIPS PER SECTOR



### IMPLEMENTATION CHALLENGES AND CONSTRAINTS

The number of QIPs is increasing each year despite multiple constraints present in the country:

Poor road conditions throughout the country

The lack of transportation infrastructure

The feeble capacity of implementing partners

The security situation

QIPs act as a catalyst to attract technical and financial partners. The aim to foster national ownership and engage communities in enacting change.



# Restoration of State Authority (RESA)

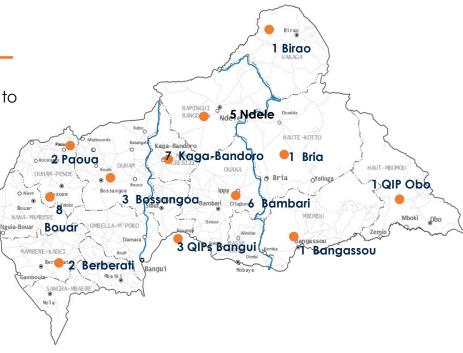
27 QIPs: USD 838.354,11

About 28% of the QIPs budget is allocated to

the rehabilitation of public structures.

Rehabilitation and furnishing of public buildings

Strengthening of the penal and judicial system



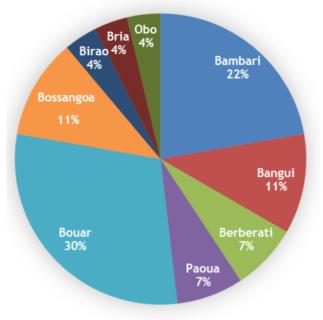
# Support to the Progressive Restoration of State Authority

QIPs help improve the delivery of public services and provide a decent working environment for civil servants and state representatives.

They have also contributed to the implementation of Pillar II of the National Recovery and Peacebuilding Plan (RCPCA): « renovate the social contract between the state and the population»

Their multi-sectoral approach (security, social services, public finance, etc.) contributes to the implementation of the national RESA strategy.

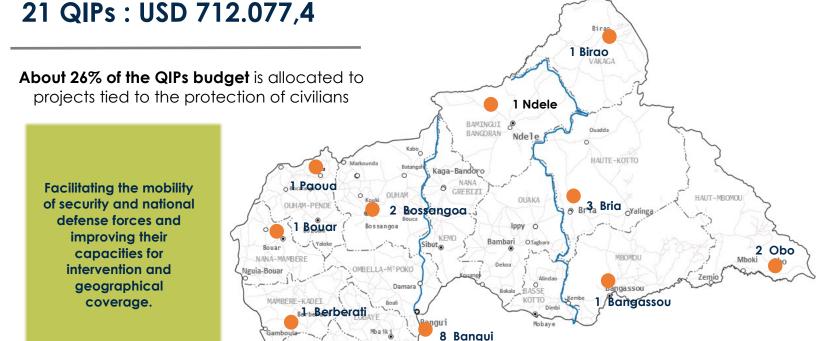
# 2017-18 Implementation of RESA projects per field office



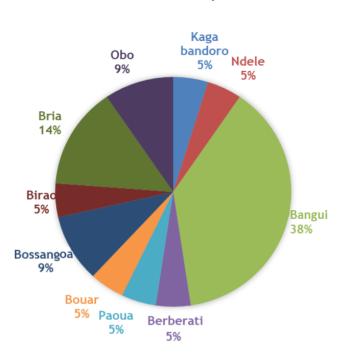


# **Protection of Civilians (POC)**





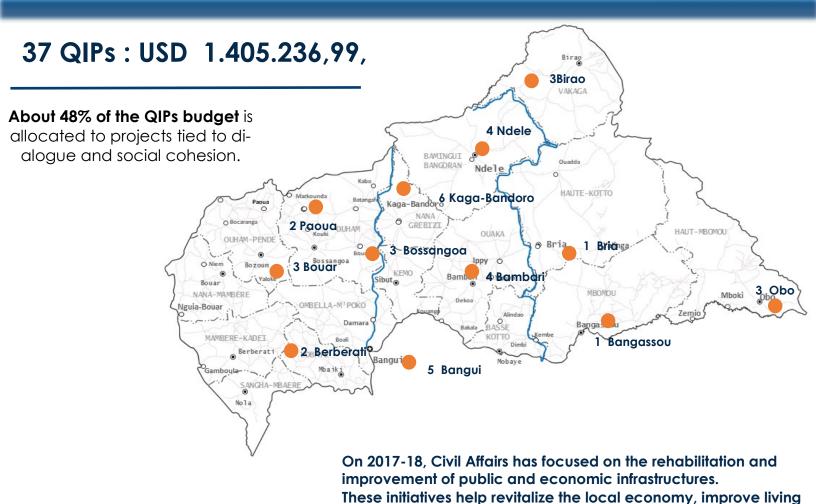
### Distribution of POC QIPs per field office





Rehabilitation of connecting structures and bridges to enhance the mobility of ISF and the MINUSCA force to better protect civilians

# Dialogue and Social Cohesion



Distribution of Social Cohesion QIPs per field office

Obo Bambari 8% Bangassou 11% Bria 3% Birao Kaga 8% bandoro 16% Bossangoa 8% Ndele **Bouar** 11% 8% **Paoua** 5% Bangui Berberati 14% 5%



conditions, create jobs and lead to the consolidation of social

cohesion and community dialogue.